

## Phantom

# Superconducting Flywheel Development

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DOE Energy Storage Systems 2006 Peer Review

## 50kW / 5kWh Flywheel Energy Storage System Off-Grid Demo System

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#### **Objective:**

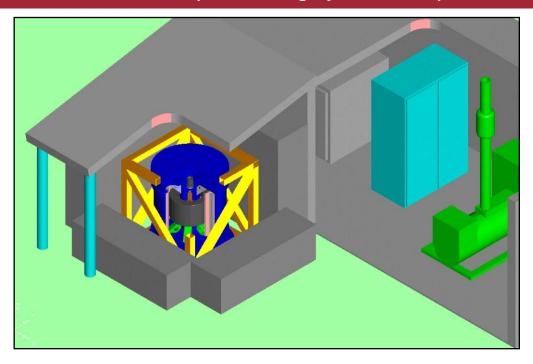
 Design, build and deliver a flywheel energy storage system tailored for offgrid applications utilizing a High Temperature Superconducting (HTS) Bearing

#### Goal:

•Successfully integrate the FESS system into a demonstration site

#### Status:

- •The qualification testing of the 5kWh rotor is complete
- •The direct cooled HTS bearing fabrication is complete
- •The initial testing of the HTS bearing exceeded expectations
- •Funding interruption has slid schedule



One of three deployment options for the demo system, shown in relation to diesel genset and balance of system.

## Typical Load Profile for Remote Village in Alaska

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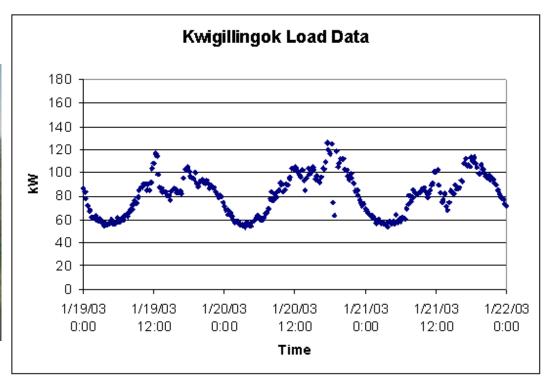
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Kwigillingok, Alaska (population 338)

Photo and data credits Virtual Tourist.com & encyclopedia.thefreedictionary.com

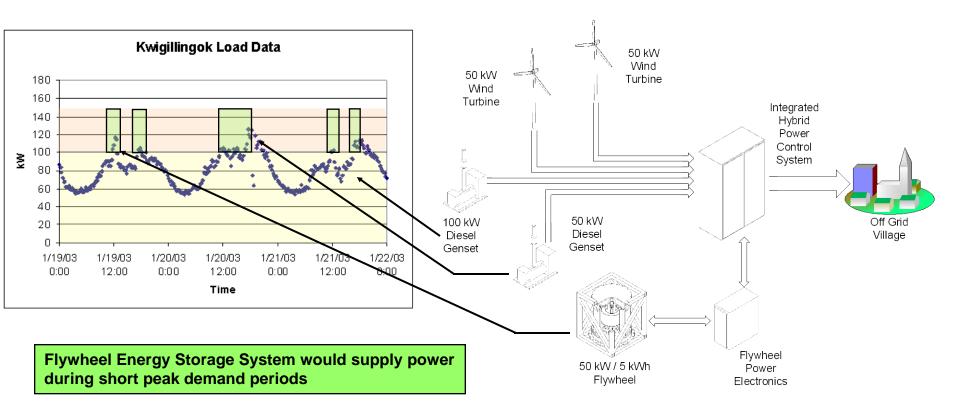


- Now served by multiple diesel systems
- Reasonable match for 50 kW power system
- Data provided courtesy of Alaska Energy Authority

## Proposed System Architecture for Deployment of a 50kW / 5kWh Flywheel Energy Storage System

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#### Benefits of Using FESS Instead of Idling 2<sup>nd</sup> Generator on Standby

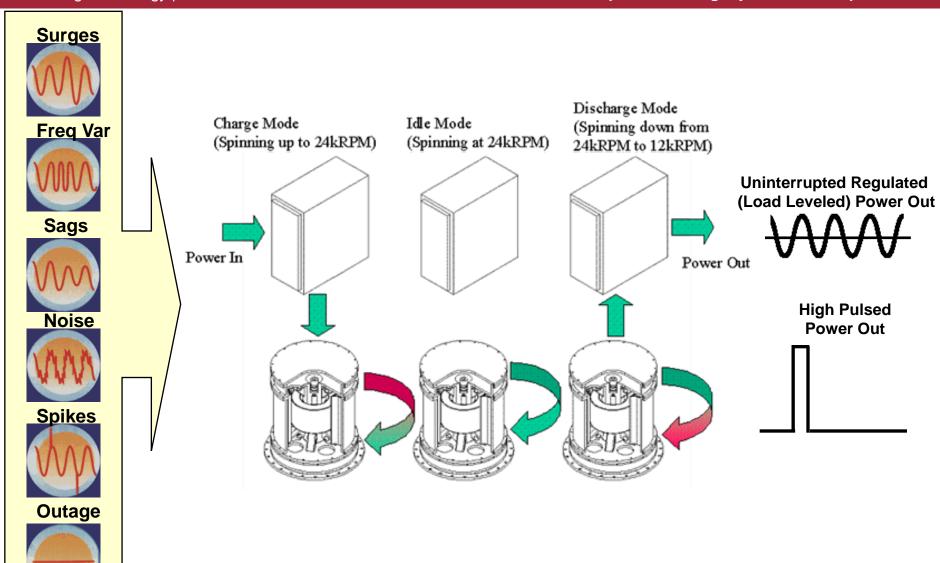
- Reduce Generator Maintenance by 50% (estimate)
- Reduce Fuel Costs by \$80k/yr (estimate)
- Lower Pollution

### Flywheel Energy Storage Systems Basic Operation

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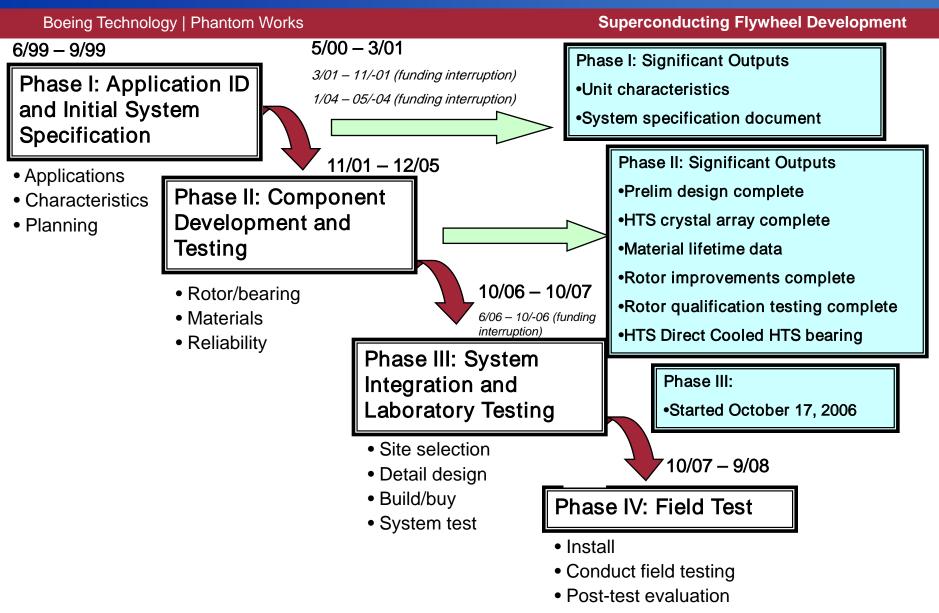
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## 50kW / 5kWh Flywheel Energy Storage System Project Roadmap

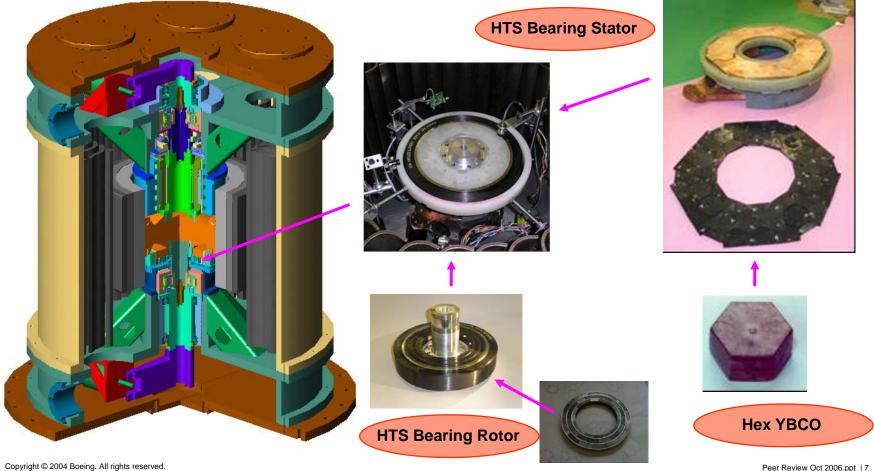


#### 50 kW / 5kWh Flywheel Energy Storage System 2006 Component Focus

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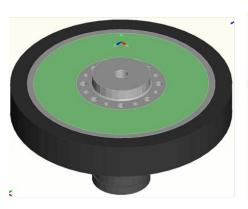
- Fabrication of direct cooled HTS Bearing
- Initial testing of direct cooled HTS Bearing exceeded expectations

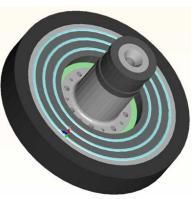


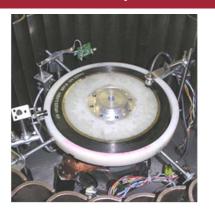
### **Challenge with HTS Stability Magnetic Assembly Resolved**

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During assembly by subcontractor, magnet segments chipped and magnets did not align properly.

Worked with subcontractor to resolve manufacturing and assembly issues resulting in a superior assembly



Improved Stability Magnet Subassembly

### **Previous DOE/Boeing Flywheel terrestrial cryogenics**

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## Use of a Thermosiphon eliminated a cryogenic pump requirement

Cold Head (to re-condense N2 gas for closed loop LN2 Operation) & ~ Liter Size LN2 Reservoir



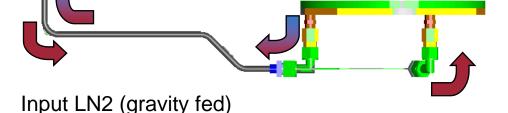
HTS Stability Bearing Cryostat Installed in DOE 5 kWh Flywheel



HTS Stability Bearing Cryostat Installed in DOE 10 kWh Flywheel

Return LN2 & N2 (Two phase flow)

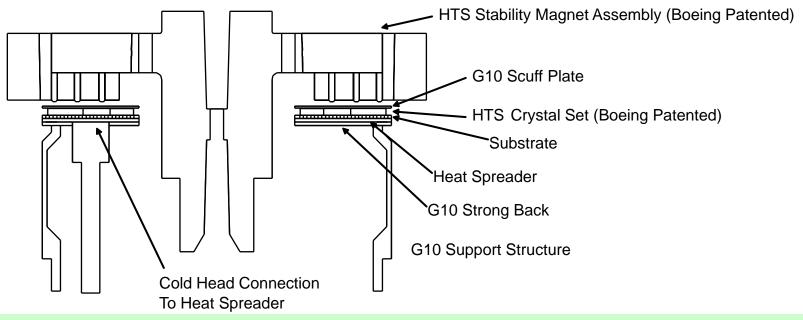
Cryostat (HTS)



### **Direct Cooling Approach on HTS Bearing**

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#### **Benefits:**

- •~60% fewer parts
- •Reduced power requirements
- •Eliminates the requirement for LN2
- Reduces maintenance
  - •Constraint is now the compressor service requirement of maintenance check once every 10,000 hours for Gifford McMahon technology, once every 20,000 hours for Pulse Tube technology

### **Direct Cooling Approach on HTS Bearing**

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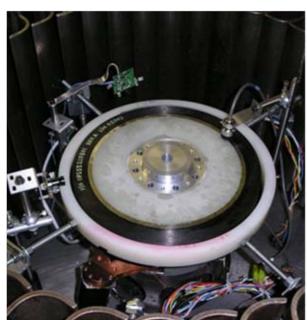










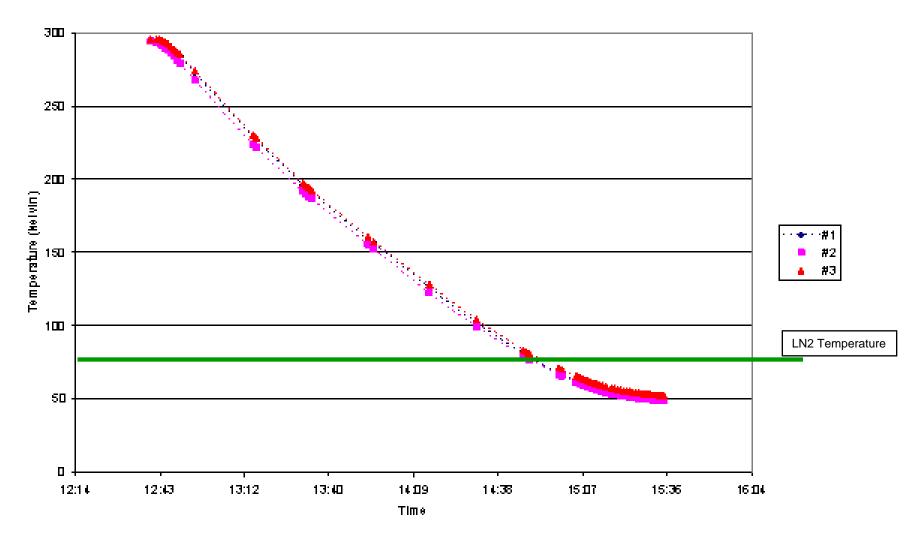


## **Direct Cooled HTS Bearing Exceeds LN2 Temperature**

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Full Crystal Test With Diodes 14 June 06



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- Stability magnet sub-assembly issues were resolved
- Direct Cooling approach worked well and exceeded goal of LN2 temperatures
- Funding interrupt has slid schedule
- Detailed design is ready to move forward
- Current plans include fabrication of motor / generator and lift magnet system moving towards full system integration

## **Acknowledgements**

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  - Dr. Imre Gyuk of the U.S. Department of Energy through the Energy Storage Program
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